

Special Fuel Blender Tax Return Instructions

Required Attachments:

- Fuel Tax Receipts Schedule (Form FT-441-846), fill one out for each schedule type and product code.
- Fuel Tax Disbursements Schedule (Form FT 441-841), fill one out for each schedule type and product code.

If applicable,

- IFTA Authorization Schedule of Disbursements (Form FT-441-779)

Computer generated forms will be accepted as long as the format is identical ours.

Step 1:

A. Enter reporting period year and month and your Special Fuel Blender license number.

B. Place an "X" in each box that applies.

No Operations: You must file a tax return even if you had no activity for that reporting period. If you do not file monthly, your license will be revoked.

Late Returns: When filing a late return, you must include the penalty and interest.

Amended Return: Report changes for a previous filing when using a new tax return. Mark "Amended Return" in section B and attach supporting documentation of changes with mailing.

Name Change: Provide your current business name. If you just purchased or incorporated your business, a new application for license must be completed.

New Address: Provide physical and mailing addresses.

Cancel License and Effective Date: The effective date is the actual date you stopped business operations. Tax returns must be filed through this effective date and taxes paid on remaining inventory.

C. **Name and Address:** Type or print your business name and address.

Step 2: Go to the 2nd page of the tax return –

Round all reported fuel to the nearest whole gallon and convert liters to gallons at the rate of 3.785 liters per gallon. Do not use negative figures on the Receipt schedule or the Disbursement schedule.

Inventory

List your beginning and ending inventory for special fuel and biodiesel.

Receipts Schedule

Use the Receipts Schedule (Form FT-441-846) to record all fuel received and produced.

Disbursement Schedule

Use the Disbursement Schedule (Form FT 441-841) to record all tax exempt fuel sold and exported.

Tax paid credit gallons

Use this section to report taxes collected on fuel distributed.

Dyed Special Fuel

Do not include rebranded fuel in this section. You will need both the Receipt Schedule (Form FT-441-846) and the Disbursement schedule (Form FT 441-841) to complete this section.

Step 3: Return to the 1st page

Line 1. List your non-dyed special fuel physical inventory (this total will include both your special fuel and your biodiesel). This amount is the same as the ending inventory reported on your previous tax return. The inventory is for fuel in bulk storage located in Washington State.

Line 2. Enter your non-dyed fuel received total from the Receipts Schedule on page 2 of the tax return below R5.

Line 3. List your non-dyed special fuel physical inventory (this total will include both your special fuel and your biodiesel). The amount is the number of gallons you have left on the last day of the month in bulk storage located in Washington State.

Line 4. Add line 1 and line 2, then subtract line 3. This is your total accountable gallons.

Line 5. Enter tax exempt gallons distributed. The total is on the Disbursement schedule on page 2 of the tax return below D11.

Line 6. Line 4 minus line 5. This is your taxable gallons.

Line 7. Record the amount listed on line 4 of the Tax paid credit gallons on page 2.

Line 8. Line 6 minus Line 7. This is your net taxable or credit gallons total.

Line 9. The amount listed on line 8 will be multiplied by the tax rate. List this total on line 9.

Line 10. Taxes are due the 25th of the month following the reporting period. If you pay after the 25th, you owe a penalty. If the 25th lands on a weekend or state holiday you must pay on the next business day. To compute your penalty, multiply line 9 by 10% and enter this amount on line 10. See example on Line 12.

Line 11. Add line 9 to line 10.

Line 12. If you are paying after the first of the month, following the due date, you owe interest. Interest is 1% compounded monthly of the total amount due (including penalty). To get your total, multiply the amount owing each month by 1%. This is your compounded interest amount.

Example: You owe \$100 and your payment is two months late, you incur a 10% penalty

$\$100 \times 10\% = \110 (penalty plus original payment)

$\$110 \times 1\% = \111.10 (original payment, penalty, and interest) for the first month;

$\$111.10 \times 1\% = \112.21 (first month penalty and interest plus the interest for the second month) total due.

Line 13. Add line 11 to line 12, this is your total fuel tax amount.

Line 14. If you are filing an amended return, enter all payments you have made for this reporting period.

Line 15. If line 13 minus line 14 is greater than zero, this is the amount owed.

Line 16. If line 13 minus line 14 is less than zero, this is the refund amount.

Signature required

Complete all areas in this section.

Payments

- Make checks payable to Department of Licensing in United States funds.
- All payments of \$50,000 or greater must be made in electronic funds (EFT). If you are using this method, place an "X" in the EFT box and payment must be made on or before the 26th of the month. If the 26th falls on a weekend or legal holiday pay by the next business day.

Credits

If line 16 on the tax return is listed as a credit of \$2,000 or more, include copies of Washington tax paid invoice (supporting Line R1) with the tax return. The Department may request copies of invoices to support refund claims for less than \$2,000. Original invoices must be kept for audit purposes.

Mail information

IMPORTANT-PLEASE READ. Payments and documents are sent to two separate addresses.

Send payments to:

Prorate and Fuel Tax
Department of Licensing
PO Box 3777
Seattle, WA 98124-3777

Send or fax non-payment documents to:

Fuel Tax Section
Department of Licensing
PO Box 9228
Olympia, WA 98507-9228
FAX: (360) 570-7842

Questions

Contact us at (360) 664-1852

Records

Records must be kept for five years for all fuel received, produced, sold, distributed, or used for own consumption. These include invoices, bills of lading, and other papers. Information may be disclosed to the Internal Revenue Service.